



16AP4-A

KINESCOPE

METAL-CONE ENVELOPE

MAGNETIC FOCUS

MAGNETIC DEFLECTION

Supersedes Type 16AP4

16AP4-A

DATA

General:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage. 6.3 ac or dc volts

Current. 0.6 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

Grid No.1 to All Other Electrodes. 6 μf

Cathode to All Other Electrodes. 5 μf

Face Plate (Transmission of about 65%). RCA "Filterglass"

Phosphor (For Curves, see front of this Section) No.4-Sulfide Type

Fluorescence and Phosphorescence White

Persistence of Phosphorescence. Medium

Focusing Method. Magnetic

Deflection Method. Magnetic

Deflection Angle (Approx.) 53°

Ion-Trap Gun Requires External Double-Field Magnet

Maximum Overall Length 22-5/16"

Greatest Diameter of Bulb. 15-7/8" $\pm 1/8$ "

Screen Diameter. 14-5/8"

Mounting Position. Any

Anode Terminal Metal-Cone Lip

Base Small-Shell Duodecal 5-Pin

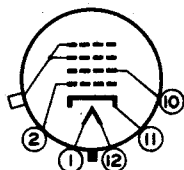
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 12D₁

Pin 1-Heater

Pin 2-Grid No.1

Pin 10-Grid No.2

Pin 11-Cathode



Pin 12-Heater

Metal-Cone Lip:

Anode,

Grid No.3

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

ANODE[□]VOLTAGE[○] 14000 max. volts

GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE. 410 max. volts

GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:

Negative bias value. 125 max. volts

Positive bias value. 0 max. volts

Positive peak value. 2 max. volts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode:

During equipment warm-up period not

exceeding 15 seconds 410 max. volts

After equipment warm-up period 150 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 150 max. volts

□ Anode and grid No.3, which are connected together within tube, are referred to herein as anode.

○ The product of anode voltage and average anode current should be limited to 6 watts.

MAY 1, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA



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Typical Operation:

Anode Voltage*	9000	12000	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	300	300	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage for Visual Extinction of Undelected			
Focused Spot	-33 to -77	-33 to -77	volts
Focusing-Coil Current (DC)▲.	75	90	ma
Ion-Trap Magnet Current (DC, approx.)#	155	200	ma

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance.	1.5 max. megohms
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Minimum Circuit Values:

The power supply should be of the limited-energy type with inherent regulation to limit the continuous short-circuit current to 5 ma. If the supply permits the instantaneous short-circuit current to exceed 1 ampere, or is capable of storing more than 250 microcoulombs, the effective resistance in circuit between indicated electrode and the output capacitor should be as follows:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance.	150 min.	ohms
Grid-No.2-Circuit Resistance.	470 min.	ohms
Anode-Circuit Resistance	16000 min.	ohms

The resistors used should be capable of withstanding the applied voltage.

Components:

Horizontal-Deflection-Output and High-Voltage Transformer:

For use with pulse-operated high-voltage supply giving 11500-13500 volts	RCA- 211T5
Horizontal Linearity Control	RCA- 201R5
Width Control.	RCA- 201R4
Vertical-Deflection Output Transformer	RCA- 204T9
Deflecting Yoke.	RCA-201D12
Ion-Trap Magnet (Permanent-Magnet Type).	RCA- 203D3
Focusing Coil ^{oo} .	RCA- 202D2

* Brilliance and definition decrease with decreasing anode voltage. In general, the anode voltage should not be less than 9000 volts.

▲ For JETEC Focusing Coil No.109, or equivalent, positioned with air gap toward kinescope screen, and center line of air gap about 3 inches from Reference Line (see Outline Drawing). The indicated currents are for the condition with the combined grid-No.1 bias voltage and video-signal voltage adjusted to produce a highlight brightness of 30 foot-lamberts on a 13-1/4" x 10" picture area.

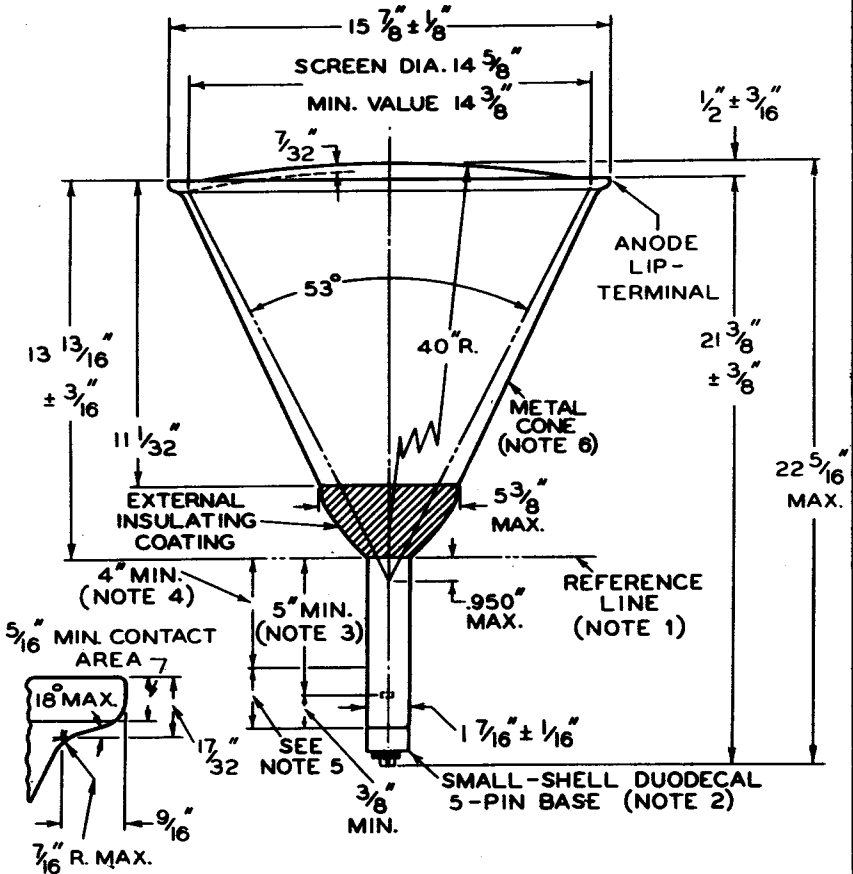
For JETEC Ion-Trap Magnet No.108, or equivalent, located with main pole pieces longitudinally opposite internal pole pieces, and rotated to give maximum brightness.

^{oo} Renewal Sales item only.



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DETAIL OF LIP

92CM-7449

NOTE 1: REFERENCE LINE IS DETERMINED BY POSITION WHERE HINGED GAUGE $1.500" + .003" - .000"$ I.D. AND 2" LONG WILL REST ON CONE.

NOTE 2: SOCKET FOR THIS BASE SHOULD NOT BE RIGIDLY MOUNTED; IT SHOULD HAVE FLEXIBLE LEADS AND BE ALLOWED TO MOVE FREELY. BOTTOM CIRCUMFERENCE OF BASE SHELL WILL FALL WITHIN CIRCLE CONCENTRIC WITH CONE AXIS AND HAVING DIAMETER OF 3".

NOTE 3: DISTANCE TO INTERNAL POLE PIECES. PLANE THROUGH VACANT PIN POSITION No.6 AND TUBE AXIS PASSES THROUGH LINE JOINING CENTERS OF POLE PIECES. DIRECTION OF PRINCIPAL FIELD OF ION-TRAP MAGNET SHOULD BE SUCH THAT NORTH POLE IS ADJACENT TO VACANT PIN POSITION No.6 AND SOUTH POLE TO PIN No.12.

NOTE 4: LOCATION OF DEFLECTING YOKE AND FOCUSING-COIL MUST BE WITHIN THIS SPACE.

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NOTE 5: KEEP THIS SPACE CLEAR FOR ION-TRAP MAGNET.

NOTE 6: METAL CONE AND GLASS FACE OPERATE AT HIGH VOLTAGE.
ANY MATERIAL IN CONTACT WITH THE CONE OR THE FACE
MUST HAVE INSULATING PROPERTIES ADEQUATE FOR 15500 VOLTS.

CURVES

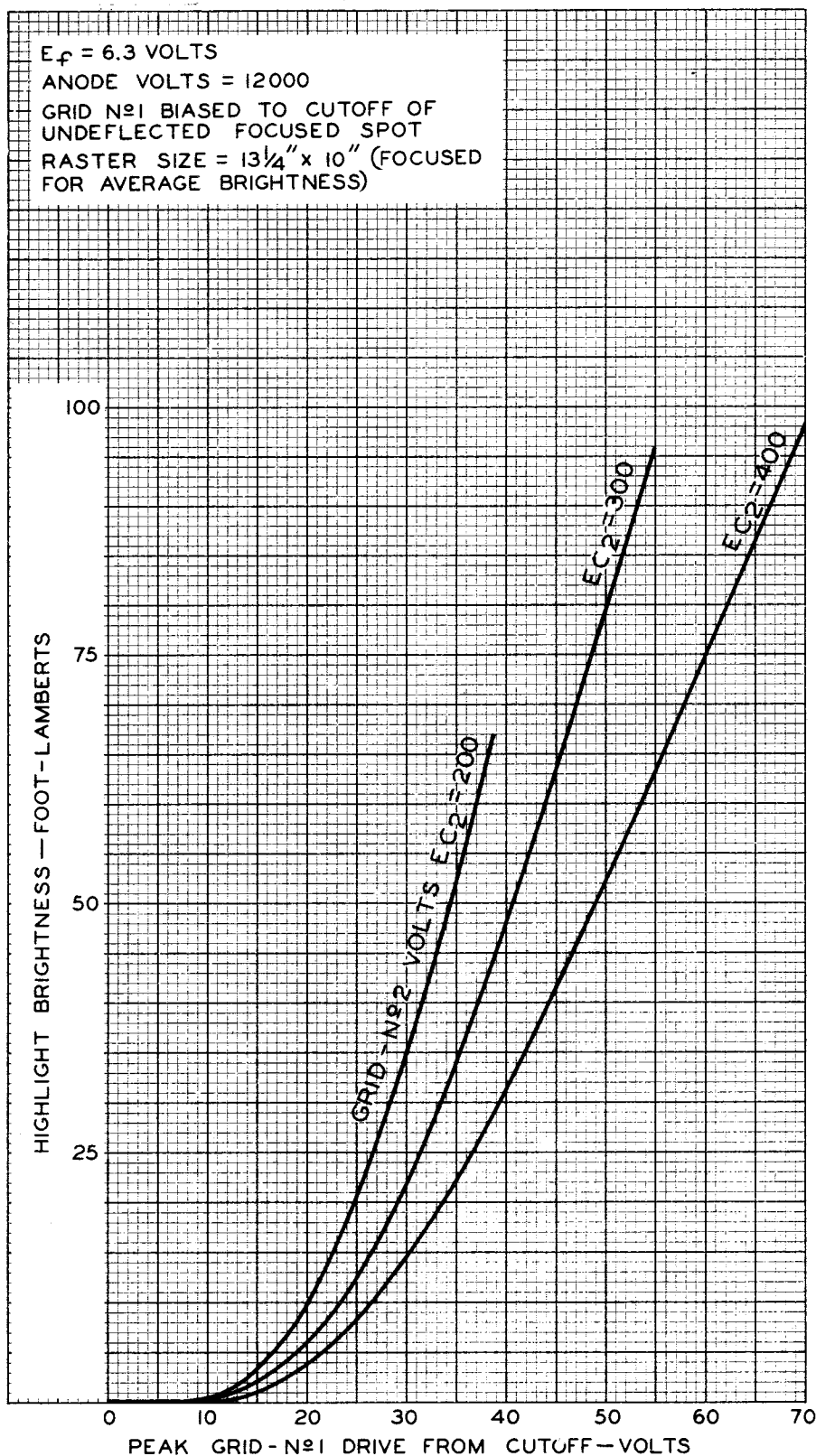
The following Grid-Drive Characteristics Curves are for the condition with grid No.1 biased to give visual extinction of the undeflected, focused spot. In viewing television pictures, it will be found that the actual cutoff voltage corresponding to black in the picture is approximately 5 volts less negative than shown on the curves; similarly, the grid-No.1 drive to obtain a given anode current or light output is also about 5 volts less.



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AVERAGE GRID-DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS



MAR. 22, 1950

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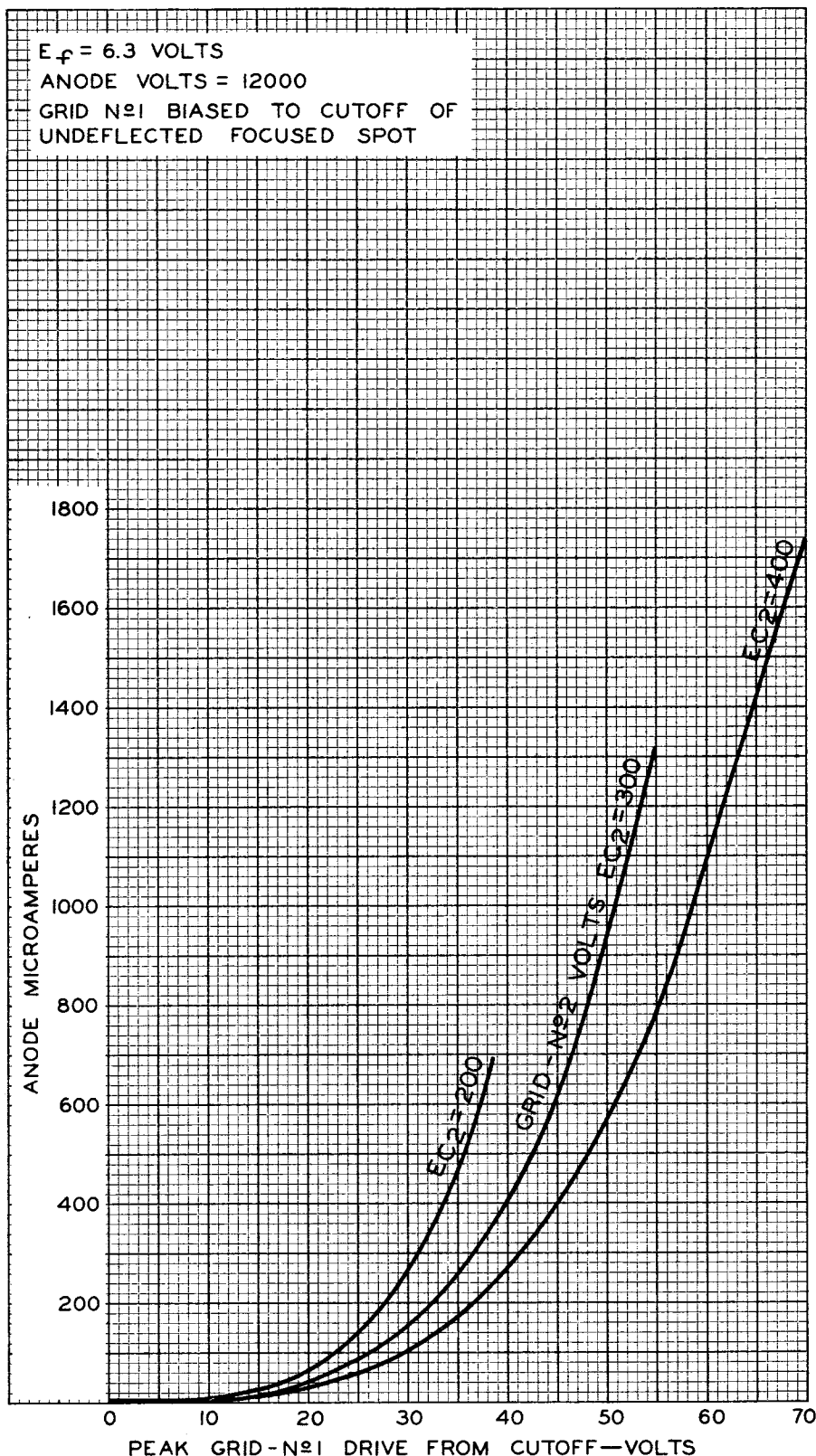
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AVERAGE GRID-DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS



MAR. 25, 1950

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